Question Number	Questioner	Question	Question to
PQ 1	Mr Stinton, Leominster	My question is how can it be ok for a council tax monthly bill be equivalent to almost a one weeks wage at minimum wage? Not to mention having to pay NI tax and other bills. You need to think of other ways to create revenue, this area is not a high paying region.	Cabinet member finance, corporate services and planning
Response: Thank you Mr St	tinton for your que	stion.	
Council recognis		Council Tax, alongside other funding sources from Government, to deliver services across the cou g financial climate and its impact on individuals and we have increased to £1.7m the additional func hardship.	
households expe to eligible house The 2023/24 buc	ected to receive 10 holds regardless o	at Council Tax Reduction Scheme continues to provide support to those most in need with more tha 10% discount on their council tax through this scheme – paying no council tax at all. The scheme p if their council tax banding. ional sources of income generation activity to further limit the pressure on local tax raising and to m huch as possible.	rovides support
PQ 2	Mr Goulding, Hereford	 I am a tradesman working regularly in Hereford City and have to park with my vehicle for access to tools etc. When on a job that could perhaps take me 2 to 3 hours I find myself having to rush to keep within the maximum 2 hour pay and display limit on "parking restricted zones". I know I could buy £15 day permit but for a 3 hour slot is not cost effective. Couldn't it be possible for trades people to buy 1 hour slots beyond the 2-hour limit as and when needed? This parking restriction is making our jobs impossible. 	Cabinet member infrastructure and transport
		I am not asking for free parking, I recognise that parking income plays an important part in the budget to be discussed today, just a little flexibility to allow me to do my job and provide a service.	

Response:

I thank Mr Goulding for his question, which is well reasoned. Tariffs are applied in the most central Hereford streets in order to manage the turnover of parking spaces, and encourage drivers to park further out where they can. Dispensations are available to trades people across the county that have a need to leave their vehicle in contravention of a parking restriction, and where approved a permit will be issued. The Parking Team can be contacted on the telephone number displayed on the front of the machine for specific assistance on the day, and members of the public are encouraged to do this. If someone needs a full day then a permit is the best answer at £15. We are looking at a half day permit and also looking at further variations when we go to virtual permits, but at present, someone like Mr Goulding is best advised to ring the parking team to make arrangements – on the day or in preferably in advance of starting a job.

PQ 3	Mr Stevens, Ledbury	Outsourcing services to private companies is expensive. Given the dangerous failures on Hereford roads and pathways, what is being changed to this failing system to stop overpayment of tax for underperformance in road and street cleaning maintenance which includes unsound pothole repair and roads not being cleaned to a COPLAR B standard at all?	Cabinet member infrastructure and transport
		Includes unsound politione repair and toads not being cleaned to a COPLAN B standard at any	and transport

Response:

Thank you Mr Stevens for your question. The Public Realm Contract was let in 2013 by the previous administration and the procurement of the contract followed best practice at that time to ensure that the Council was able to enter into a contract that delivered best value for the funds provided.

Maintaining an authority's highways network and public realm is expensive and is not likely to be any less expensive if those services were delivered in-house, with the potential cost of bringing those services back in-house being considerable. The issue for us as a new administration was whether or not that contract awarded in 2013 still provided good value for money, and, crucially, whether or not we could demonstrate that. Cllr. Gemma Davies, Cllr. Liz Harvey and myself asked for an assessment of that to be carried out by external auditors. That report, in crude summary, said the contract itself was OK, good in fact, but we, on Herefordshire Council side, were not necessarily in a position to monitor that contract as robustly as we would want to.

Following on from that and noting the clauses around contract extensions, we commissioned an assessment of the different types of contracts the Council could move to; what the cost benefits were of those future models might be and what the process and timescales would be. That piece of work is going to Cabinet shortly for consideration of a preferred approach. Whatever the final outcome of that report in terms of recommendation of a future model for the service it is likely that some technical staff, who moved over en-masse to BBLP in 2013, will return to Herefordshire Council employ. This will enable us to satisfactorily oversee any future contract of whatever model and give better direction.

In relation to the poor state of our network I do not believe that is due to failure to get best value out of our current contract but due to the severe impact of the government's policy of Austerity. BBLP maintains our network on our behalf to the best of its ability, within the constraints of what funding is available to them. It has been estimated that we are spending approximately £5 million a year on maintaining our public realm in 2022 compared to nearly £15 million in 2011. This cannot continue, but it's not, sadly, within our power as a local authority to replace the full value of the money eroded by the severe reduction in central government grants and I would urge all residents to lobby for fairer funding for rural authorities like Herefordshire.

With what little money we do have as a highways authority we prioritise on a safety matrix, making sure more money is spent on faster, larger roads – to the detriment, often, of C and unclassified and urban streets. This has meant we have done and will continue to do our utmost to ensure collisions are not caused by road defects.

Similarly, as an authority we focus our litter collection and cleansing functions toward maintaining our high amenity areas. This does mean that the City and Town centres are maintained to a higher standard than other urban and inter-urban routes but it is arguably not to the standard we would wish if we had more resource.

Where services are delivered, in line with the Annual Plan and the available budgets, then the Council does have a team that checks for compliance in terms of

- cost to provide,
- quality of delivery
- timeliness of delivery and
- appropriateness of the action taken

Where issues are found then the Council does issue instructions to rectify the works and for that work to be undertaken at the provider's expense.

The Public Realm Contract does have a suite of performance indicators that are measured and monitored. I can confirm that the provider is currently achieving the various targets set jointly by the Strategic Partnering Board.

PQ 4	Ms Liddle, Ledbury	The Government has published a detailed national plan of action to improve how sexual violence is handled throughout the criminal justice system. This includes the words: <i>ensuring every victim has access to the right therapeutic and clinical support, and the right emotional and practical support.</i> I am concerned that words like "savings and efficiencies" may mean reduced services, or services commissioned that aren't specialist enough. How will the Council ensure that funding and resources are available for local specialist services that can help	Cabinet member health and adult wellbeing
		reduced services, or services commissioned that aren't specialist enough. How will the Council ensure that funding and resources are available for local specialist services that can help deliver the Government's aim, and ensure the right help is there locally for those who need it?	

Response:

The Council has a strong role in working in partnership with others to ensure that the right quality and capacity of victim/survivor support is available. We work closely with the justice system and the NHS who carry primary commissioning duties in this regard. We are part of the Police and Crime Commissioner-led Joint Sexual Assault and Abuse Strategic Board which works collaboratively to deliver the priorities of the NHS Strategic Direction for Sexual Assault and Abuse Services and the recommendations of a Sexual Violence Mental Health Needs Assessment. However, the council is not directly responsible for funding specialist counselling or clinical support services and we are therefore unable to comment on commissioning intentions with this regard. We have noted that additional funding has now been made available through the PCC for services for survivors of sexual assault in 22/23 & 23/24.

Council officers lead the Sexual Violence sub-group, which reports into the Community Safety Partnership, and contribute to needs assessment, pathway review and evaluation, with a focus on whole system prevention. In this way, the Council strengthens the evidence base on which decisions are made by the bodies with statutory duty.

PQ 5 Ms Shore, Hereford	The Domestic Abuse Act 2021 places a clear duty on local authorities to provide safe temporary accommodation for victims of domestic abuse, but fails to recognise the importance of community-based support as victims seek to preserve their safety and build their lives. Substantial evidence shows that peer-support programmes like The Domestic Abuse Recovery	Cabinet member health
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		Toolkit – tried and tested across UK – are fundamental to this process. In 2022 32% (432) of all referrals to Herefordshire domestic abuse services were for group support. Only 8.6% were for accommodation-based support – including refuge. In light of the forthcoming budget, will Herefordshire Council ensure that it maintains the resources needed to provide non accommodation-based services, continuing to support women who have been able to remain in their own homes, or who are still recovering from the trauma of domestic abuse which they escaped some time ago?	and adult wellbeing
Domestic Abuse Up and Commu providers for con procurement reg be adjusted to n	Act 2021, the cour nities to provide ado mmunity based sup gulations and procu- neet the presenting	ng community based and accommodation based support for victim-survivors of domestic abuse. So noil, in common with all local authority areas, has been granted funding from the Department of Ho ditional support within safe accommodation. During this time, the council has maintained contracts port. In due course, contracts nearing the end of their term must be re-procured according to the crement law. This process will allow us to consider needs, policy and practice and assess whether needs of our residents. The design of services commissioned by the council is done in consultation sidents and people with lived experience.	using, Levelling s with local council's services should
PQ 6	Ms Attfield, Bromyard	In 2021, West Mercia Rape and Sexual Abuse Support Centre temporarily closed counselling waiting lists to children and adults when funding shortfalls meant wait times exceeded two years. There are fears the same might happen again. A recent media article stated caseloads over capacity, therapy service cut to the bone, and significant funding shortfalls for the new financial year. Without additional funding staffing will be cut and waiting lists risk closure again. Rape Crisis England and Wales said long-term, sustainable funding for specialist support and advocacy services was "more urgently needed than ever". Not to fund such services puts pressure on other services eg. mental health. The budget proposes a £6.1m cut to Community Wellbeing. How will the Council ensure these much needed services are sustainably funded, so that survivors of rape and sexual violence are not turned away?	Cabinet member health and adult wellbeing
for 2021/2024, wwork. It is imporving will not impact the	which specifically ind rtant to state that th nis provision. Howe	to supporting the strategic priorities of Herefordshire Community Safety Partnership, as outlined in clude violence against women and girls and sexual violence, and the council's public health team i e council is not directly responsible for funding specialist counselling services and therefore, the base ever, the council continues to work in partnership with West Mercia Police, the Police Crime Commer development of systems and services which promote early access to specialist support.	s leading on this udget proposals
PQ 7	Ms Barraclough, Hereford	As a trustee of West Mercia Women's Aid, I am deeply concerned about the proposed transformation of domestic abuse services. Domestic abuse is fundamentally about the use of physical, structural, and economic advantage and entitlement, to torment, control and exploit a person who thought they were in a relationship built on trust and love. Empowerment and empathy are essential for the delivery of effective support and sustained recovery. The domestic abuse sector is well-known for its grass-roots origins where those affected by domestic abuse themselves – either directly or indirectly – have taken the lead in both	Cabinet member health and adult wellbeing

		developing and delivering services. To what extent will the Council ensure that their new delivery model retains this principle of co-production with survivors themselves and ensure that services are delivered by organisations that truly represent those with lived experience?	
and non-statutory, community based a has not proposed a according to the co	residents and pe support and supp any service transfouncil's procurem	uction and the design of services commissioned by the council is done in consultation with partner ople with lived experience. In terms of current support for domestic abuse, the council is commiss port in safe accommodation through contracts with the voluntary sector and housing sector provide formation that deviates from this model. In due course, contracts nearing the end of their term mus ent regulations and procurement law. This process will allow us to consider needs, policy and pra d to meet the presenting needs of our residents. Any redesign will be undertaken in line with our of	sioning rs. The council st be re-procured actice and assess
PQ 8	Ms Currie, Hereford	How much is in the budget to cover (a) the cost of independent reviews into historic failings in Children's Services (b) why is there no obvious money ring fenced for compensation for families affected?	Cabinet member children and families
Safeguarding Parti Herefordshire Cou 1. To give par	nership to put in p ncil, with appropr ents and families	k was allocated and the council is now proposing to work with the Children's Commissioner and lo place a listening to families Commission. The Commission will consist of 3 individuals, not connect iate knowledge and experience, identified by the Children's Commissioner. The purpose of this Co an opportunity to tell their story to an independent panel.	ted to commission is to:
-	•	e Council and partners can and should take as a result of hearing families' testimonies, either in re It of general issues.	lation to
3. To learn fro	m their experien	ce and to ensure that that knowledge is used to inform improvements to children's services.	
	hat, as far as pos olve matters.	ssible, families feel that their concerns have been listened to and responded to, and that this is as	much as can be
At this stage no bu	dget has been al	located but the council will meet the full costs of the commission once these have been identified.	
		wed on its own merit and reparatory action is taken as appropriate. We currently do not have mon compensation claims.	ies specifically
PQ 9	Ms Albright, Leominster	The independent Lichfield Report commissioned in 2022 suggested that Herefordshire Council has already lost over £100 million of direct revenue as a result of the 40 month housing moratorium preventing all new homes in the North of the County. The catastrophic losses increase every passing month and are not recoverable. This is in addition to the many hundreds of millions of wider county inward investment lost and the lost jobs, diminished opportunities, entrenched hardship and the lost provision of much needed housing, including hundreds of funded Affordable Homes.	Cabinet member finance, corporate services and planning

		What hope and guidance can Herefordshire Council offer those working in the unjustly beleaguered local construction sector, and to those who might consider locating their business here or those who wish to have a home here?	
		bright. I agree that the consequence of the build-up of phosphate and other forms of pollution in the nt within the River Lugg sub-catchment (~40% of the county's land area)	Wye has been
wrong that this poll	ution has happer	se with the severe impact the moratorium has had, and continues to have, on the local construction ned. We want the moratorium to end. However, the sad reality is that while it remains in place, dev of their developments because that is the law. Laws to protect our environment are a good thing	elopers need to
The council continu our direct control.	ies to lobby gove	ernment to seek a long-term solution to the phosphate pollution issue, which is not of our making ar	nd is outside of
certainly, enabling I further wetlands be	housing develop	t its wetland areas which will – for the first time ever – enable the trading of phosphate credits with r ment to progress in the catchment at a faster rate than has been possible in recent years. We have we completed this week on the purchase of land for one of these at Tarrington. It is worth noting the been approved for development within the Lugg catchment since the moratorium has been in plac	e at least three hat despite the
	asonable conditi	ement Plan, with its purely voluntary arrangements, our assessment is that it will take a decade or m ion - and quite possibly never. This is an untenable situation and a step-change is needed in prever al pollution.	
Prospectus. The e	vidence we have	ring the Wye has identified a road map to deliver that step-change and we will shortly be publishing e seen to date suggests that we can get out of "the moratorium" much, much quicker than nutrient n lot of work needs to be done across many agencies and the community stakeholders to deliver cha	nanagement
	shing them. We	o things "regulatory certainty" and "scientific certainty." We are currently validating our proposals an believe our proposals will create that regulatory certainty. However, there also then needs to be so	
famed. This project	t seeks to coordin	on is developing a delivery programme, called "Project Ranunculus" after the Water Crowfoot for whe nate the scientific and regulatory evidence and to keep it under constant oversight so that the stature d, can allow the lifting of the moratorium on development at its earliest opportunity.	
what these proposa drive this forward w	als will offer is fai vith energy and h	pectus is accepted by DEFRA, we will say more as the business case develops. We can give no fir r better and offers greater certainty than the lose arrangements we have now. We also give a firm have the determination to overcome whatever obstacles are presented to us. We hope, that when o ion industry and its representatives will join us in advocating for the changes we seek to bring.	commitment to

In addition to our focussed action on river restoration, the council continues to explore every possible avenue to support business and to improve the economic prospects for Herefordshire. The cabinet approved the county's Big Economic Plan in January, setting out a long term vision and the huge range of opportunities we have for the future. We are consulting on the Hereford City Masterplan, and are preparing for the consultation on the Local Plan Update in the summer, both of which will identify development opportunities across the entire county.

PQ 10	Mr Franklin, Bromyard	 Most savings proposals within the proposed budget raise one or both of two concerns: (a) it is unclear what is being proposed and how this will affect Herefordshire residents e.g, S2. S3, S4, S7, S12. S16 or (b) there is no indication how the objectives are to be achieved e.g., S14, S18, S19, S28 My questions are: (a) how confident can I be that Councillors will know exactly what they are voting for or against? 	Cabinet member finance, corporate services and planning
		(b) have the budget proposals been properly scrutinised by an independent third party e.g., auditor or "critical friend"?(c) for future years, and well before the budget meeting, can residents be clearly informed of the proposals and what they will mean to them in practical terms.(d) could the same level of detail be provided to residents following the setting of 2023/24 budget?	

Response:

(a) how confident can I be that Councillors will know exactly what they are voting for or against?

The process for developing the budget is set out in Part 4, Section 3 of the Council's Constitution. This process ensures a clear timetable for making proposals to Council for the adoption of any plan, strategy or programme that forms part of the budget and policy framework, and its arrangements for consultation after publication of those initial proposals. Chairpersons of scrutiny committees are responsible for ensuring that the relevant committee work programmes include consideration of any such plan, strategy or budget to enable scrutiny members to inform and support the process for making cabinet proposals to Council in terms of the adoption of any item that forms part of the budget framework. This includes scrutiny members providing constructive challenge to the responsible cabinet member on policy proposals and exploring options for future policy development. Councillors have been engaged in the budget setting process for 2023/24 and there have been opportunities to query, challenge and inform this work throughout the development of the 2023-24 budget which began in July 2022.

(b) have the budget proposals been properly scrutinised by an independent third party e.g., auditor or "critical friend"?

The proposed budget for 2023/24 was presented to Scrutiny Management Board (SMB) at its meeting on 19 January 2023 where Councillors challenged the robustness of the estimates and assumptions in the budget and the deliverability of savings targets. The SMB has the remit under the Council Constitution to carry out scrutiny of the Council budget and the process for scrutiny of budget proposals is set out at Part 4, Section 3 of the Herefordshire Council Constitution: 4.3.3 Process for developing framework items. The SMB received training to assist members in the undertaking of budget scrutiny and the committee advised by independent financial experts in relation to Treasury Management.

The 2023/24 budget is not formally audited however the council's financial planning and budget setting processes are subject to review as part of the external auditor's Value for Money work which considers how the council identifies significant pressures and achievable savings as well as risks to financial resilience. The results of this work are formally reported in the Auditor's Annual Report which is presented to Audit & Governance Committee. The Council's external Auditors are Grant Thornton.

Under the terms of Section 25 of the Local Government Act 2003, the Council's Section 151 Officer is required to report to the council, at the time when it is setting its budget, on the robustness of the estimates included in the budget and the adequacy of the reserves for which the budget provides. Council has a statutory duty to have regard to this report from the Section 151 Officer when making its decision about the proposed budget and council tax.

(c) for future years, and well before the budget meeting, can residents be clearly informed of the proposals and what they will mean to them in practical terms.

A series of 12 local public consultation events were held between 25 November and 17 December 2022 on the draft budget. Additional engagement with community groups took place through a Community Partnership event and an event with the business community. The consultation presented high-level options to contribute towards balancing the council's budget for 2023/24 and their likely impact. The proposed budget and supporting appendices - which include identified pressures, assumptions and detailed Directorate Savings Plans - were made publicly available via the council's website from early January 2023.

(d) could the same level of detail be provided to residents following the setting of 2023/24 budget?

The budget for 2023/24 and supporting appendices will be available on the council's website following its approval. Performance and delivery of the agreed budget will be reported in 2023/24 as part of the Budget & Performance Reports which are presented to Council quarterly.

PQ 11	Ms Reid, Hereford	 Base budgets of 2022-23 and 2023-24 (Appendix C, Item 10): Looked-After Children (LAC) budget has increased from £25.737m to £28.724m (+11.6%) However, Children in Need budget has decreased from £4.568m to £2.930m (-35.9%) There were 392 LAC (October 2022). Therefore, the estimated cost per child in care in 2023-24 is over £73,000 (£73,276) ie £28.724m divided by 392. LAC can be reduced by reunification and relatively inexpensive family support and statutorily-recommended Family Group Conferences. FGCs would reduce costly care 	Cabinet member children and families
		proceedings (about twice the rate of other areas). The directorate plans to make reduce spending by "reduction in numbers of children coming into our care", it does <u>not</u> mention reunification, FGCs, nor family support.	

	Explain how the base budget for CIN in 2023-24 will be cut from 2022-23 with figures and descriptors (eg number/type of staff/service/ \pounds reduced).				
plans across the Directorate to redu	Response: The reduction in budget for Children in Need does not represent reduced focus in this area. The movement between 22/23 and 23/24 budgets reflects plans across the Directorate to reduce reliance on agency staff to deliver services and to move to a permanent staffing establishment. Detailed plans will be managed and monitored as part of routine monitoring of savings in 2023/24 and these will be publicly reported through Cabinet and Council.				